THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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WASHINGTON NEWS.

The House Occupied With the Chinese Debate.

Petitions in Sergant Mason's Case Pouring In.

Shipherd Has a Convenient Attack of Fever.

DEBATE ON THE CHINESE BILL.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—There was but a small attendance of members when the house met this morning for debate only on the Chinese bill. Speer, of Georgia, was the first speaker. "In a contest," he said, "between the United States and China the former had no unequal adversary. 'Little Brown Man,' eulogized by Joaquin Miller, was a born diplomatist, and the United States was dealing with a renowned empire." This bill was a measure of self-defense and no other question which could be presented to the present congress was of more importance. He urged the bill was right and in literal accord with the treaty, but even were that not so there were reasons which would induce him to vote for it, and they were contained in the old maxim, "The safety of the people is the supreme law." He replied to arguments presented by Taylor, of Ohio, stating that he would oppose the eloquent theories of that gentleman with sworn testimony taken by the Morton investigating committee, from which he made several quotations to show the effect of immigration was to cheapen labor and drive the American laborers from the Pacific coast. In conclusion he said: "I maintain it is the duty of the American congress to protect the home life of American laboring men of our country; they are the foundation of our society. What matters it if we gather large stores of treasure if the mass of the people are miserable and unhappy and ground down by competition with Chinese labor? In the language of Oliver Goldsmith:

> Ill fares the land to hastening ills a prey,
> Where wealth accumulates and men decay;
> Princes and lords may flourish or may fade;
> A breath may make them as a breath has made;
> But a bold peasantry, their country's pride,
> When once destroyed can never be supplied.

Deuster, of Wisconsin, said he would vote for the bill, after thoroughly considering its merits. He said the advent of the Chinese partook of the character of peaceful possession of conquered territory by paid and hired armies of submissive laborers, owing allegiance solely to a foreign power and regardless of the future prosperity of the territory occupied by them. Negro slavery took precisely the same beginning. The blacks were at first brought only in small numbers. It proved the greatest curse that ever blighted this land. Let us learn something from history.

Guenther of Wisconsin advocated the passage of the bill and drew a strong distinction between the immigrants from Germany and Ireland who come here to better their positions socially, financially and politically, and the immigration of the Chinese who came under contract and were imported for the sole purpose of underbidding American workmen.

Moore of Tennessee thought it was his patriotic duty to vote against the bill. The question of singling out by name for discrimination a particular nation and that nation the oldest, largest, most peaceful and least meddlesome of all nations, was an international question far-reaching in scope. In conclusion he said he would not allow the passionate clamor of a temporarily-maddened locality to influence his vote on the bill.

Berry of California advocated the passage of the bill.

SHIPHERD'S SUDDEN ATTACK.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The house committee on foreign affairs met this morning for the purpose of continuing the examination of the Shipherd-Chili-Peru correspondence. Chairman Williams read the following letter from Shipherd:

All copies of correspondence called for by the committee were finished and packed last evening; my ticket was purchased for the limited express this morning. Almost as soon, however, as I left the office I was prostrated by an attack of malarial fever and nothing like traveling is possible to-day. I shall rejoin the committee [here the members indulged in a hearty laugh] the moment my physician allows me to do so, and my present hope is that I may be able to appear in a few days. JOHN R. SHIPHERD.

Several members of the committee expressed the opinion that Shipherd was trifling with, or evading the committee. Orth moved that the committee report the matter to the house and ask for compulsory proceeding. Walker favored positive action. After a general discussion of the course the committee should pursue, Belmont moved that the committee send a messenger to New York to ascertain the facts in the case. Motion carried and the committee adjourned.

PERJURY AND FRAUD.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Graphic's Washington correspondent says it has been discovered that two chief awards made by the Mexican claim commission to the extent of $1,200,000, were obtained by perjury and fraud, and the secretary of state has stopped the payment of the installment due at this time. So flagrant was the imposition on the part of the commission that the treaty between the United States and Mexico which was to have been made is now lying on the table of Secretary Frelinghuysen. It was his intention also to send to the senate for ratification the copy belonging to Mexico which has been signed by Romero and bears the grand seal of the United States, but it is already on the way to Mexico, to be submitted to the Mexican senate for ratification. It will be ratified because it is for the benefit of Mexico and to prevent the Mexican treasury from being plundered of a vast sum of money under the shadow of United States authority. Frelinghuysen will send another copy to the senate next week. Probably, when disclosures of fraud and conspiracy are made by representatives of the Mexican government, no hesitancy will be felt as to the proper course of action.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

A handsome sum will be subscribed by the various departments for Sergeant Mason's family. Petitions for executive clemency are pouring in from all quarters.

ROSECRANS-GARFIELD.

Another Letter--Vindication of Garfield's Judgment.

CHICAGO, March 18.—The Inter-Ocean, in a long editorial on the Rosecrans-Garfield matter, says: In this connection the letter of Garfield to Rosecrans, army headquarters, June, 1863, becomes interesting. Dispatches affect great mystery as to this letter, and intimate that when published it will cause a commotion. There is no mystery about it. The letter, as we stated last week, was published years ago, and has been for fourteen years accessible to any who care to go over the reports or conduct of the war. The queer feature of the letter business has been the assumption that the Chase letter contained an expression of views so wholly unlike what Garfield had said to Rosecrans as to convict the chief of staff of duplicity or double-dealing. This assumption is absurd, and Rosecrans and all general officers of the old Army of the Cumberland knew it was absurd. Garfield in his letter to Rosecrans referred to in the dispatches, expressed his views fully and freely, and in after years made no secret of it. In fact, he was in the habit of saying to friends that in no case had his judgment been more clearly vindicated than in case of this free expression of views to Rosecrans. There was never a glamour of uncertainty about Garfield's letter to Rosecrans. As chief of staff he had gathered information as to the strength of our forces, and though General Swain, of the secret service, had come in possession of information as to the rebel forces and plans. Writing on June 6th Garfield answered the objections of the 17 generals opposed to the forward movement, showed the exact fighting strength of Rosecrans and gave an estimate of the rebel army. He submitted considerations of his own, making points including the following: First, Bragg's army is weaker than it has been since the battle of Stones river or is likely to be for the present, while our own army will reach its maximum strength and we have no right to expect reinforcement for several months. Fifth, Chances are more than even that a sudden and rapid movement would compel a general engagement and the defeat of Bragg would be in the highest degree disastrous to the rebellion. Sixth, The turbulent effect of politics in loyal states renders a decisive blow against the enemy at this time of the highest importance to the success of the government at the polls. Seventh, The government and the war department believe that this army ought to move on the enemy; the army desired and the country anxiously hoped for it. Eighth, The true objective point is the rebel army whose last reserves are substantially in the field, and an effective blow would crush the shell and soon be followed by the collapse of the rebel government.

Telegraph Monopoly.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Commercial says: Touching telegraphic competition with the Western Union system, we have reason to believe the Mutual Union and Baltimore & Ohio telegraph companies, and one or more small competitors will be drawn off in the course of a week or two. The most important of these, the Mutual Union company, we suppose, has already informally agreed to transfer its wires to the Western Union. The line of telegraph promoted and owned between New York and Chicago and on the Baltimore & Ohio road will also be transferred as part of the consideration for settling with Gould and his associates for a majority of the New Jersey Central board of directors, whereby the Baltimore & Ohio and Philadelphia & Reading roads reach the city without further opposition.

GARFIELD'S MONUMENT.

Statement of the Committee—Amount Already Received.

CLEVELAND, O., March 18.—The Garfield monument committee to-day issued the following to the public:

The Garfield monument committee are pleased to announce over one hundred and six thousand dollars have already been given by the generous people for a monument at General Garfield's grave. This we believe is the largest sum that has ever been contributed in so brief a time for a monument to any person. We have therefore assurances of great success. Of this sum over $75,000 has been given by the people of Cleveland; the remainder came from every state and territory in the union and from several foreign countries. We believe the people of this country desire this monument shall not be a local nor a state monument, but national, and worthy of all the people. To this end one hundred and fifty thousand dollars should be raised, of which Ohio will furnish one-half; the other half distributed among all the states and territories in proportion to their wealth and population. This makes the amount small from each. To raise this the committee have perfected arrangements whereby an opportunity will be given all to contribute. The committee desire to second these efforts by a new appeal to the country to raise the balance desired. We don't in any way intend or wish to interfere with any plans that may be adopted in different states or territories. We know there are thousands of committees throughout the land who only wait for some one to take the lead to solicit contributions, and who would not only willingly consent to have a part in this movement. Money already received by us is drawing interest in the banks of this city. No steps have been taken toward a design for the monument; none can be till the amount raised is known. Under the laws of Ohio trustees will be designated from different portions of the country to whom will be committed the work of erecting the monument. If movements that have been and are now being inaugurated in the country receive quick and earnest encouragement the amount desired will be raised. Any assistance we can render will be promptly furnished on application to us by letter or otherwise. In conclusion we respectfully request the weekly and daily press of the United States to publish this statement and so far as can be done with satisfaction to lend its assistance editorially, pushing forward the work to an early and successful conclusion. Respectfully submitted (Signed),

J. H. WADE,
H. B. PAYNE,
JOSEPH PERKINS,
Committee.

J. S. RODES, Secretary.

Consular Carelessness.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Several Chinese women, supposed to be courtesans, who arrived by the British steamer Angear, and were held by the authorities to be sent back, were brought into the superior court yesterday on a writ of *habeas corpus*. Captain Roper, of the Angear, testified to great laxity on the part of the American Consul Mosby, at Hong Kong, in relation to Chinese emigration. In proof of this he produced blank forms signed by Mosby, and bearing his consular seal, the same being the certificates required to be produced by the emigrants, which Roper stated he could himself fill in as he chose.

Pond's Extract Co. Burned Out.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Pond's Extract company's works at Williamsburg were burned last night. The loss on stock and building is $75,000. The latest news from the fire makes the loss $100,000, and adds that the third floor occupied by Schmidt & Co. as a lithographing establishment, loses $40,000, insured. On the fourth floor, August Molle, a lace and braid manufacturing company, lost its stock and expensive machinery. The loss is $70,000, insured. The minor loss is $5,000 to Pond's company, which is mostly covered by insurance.

Guiteau's Double.

PENSACOLA, FLA., March 18.—At Tampa, a young Englishman named C. D. Owens attacked a young lady and stabbed her nearly to death. He was captured and placed in jail, but within an hour was taken out and hanged to a shade tree in the court house yard, where the United States court was in session at the time. The mayor and sheriff protested, and Lieutenant Danet of the Third United States artillery ordered out the garrison to rescue the prisoner, but before the troops arrived Owen was a dead man. He was the exact image of Guiteau.

LETTER FROM PAPA AT LAST.

Melville of the Jeannette.

Since he was chosen by the authorities at Washington, out of all the competent men in the navy, to accompany the Jeannette expedition just four years ago, and set sail from San Francisco in July, 1878, a few months after receiving his order, Melville had no opportunity to communicate with his family. The anxious mother and three little girls have been awaiting "a letter from papa." In their secluded little cottage at Sharon Hill, in Delaware county, the fond mother and childish trio have looked out daily from the window adorned with an anchor as an emblem of hope of the father's safe return, and wondered again and again, with the smoke and whistle of every mail train, if their long-looked-for message was coming. At last, when three years had passed, little Meta—who was a babe just born when he went away on a dark, stormy night, and having kissed it and the lips that were above it, said: "Wife, it is possible, I will never know these joys again"—was able to talk when she expressed the thoughts of all four when, one day, she said: "Mamma, I think papa must be dead;" but they never took down from the hall the hat which he hung up when he changed it for his naval cap, and his favorite cup and saucer were never stirred from the place in the cupboard. There was joy in the household when some friend sent the newspaper containing the telegram signed with her husband's name, giving the first news of the safe arrival of himself and crew, and the joy was not lessened by reading after the name "in command." Every telegram since signed "Melville" has been meat and drink to the news-famished little household, and although the mother kept telling the children continually "that it was duty, and duty to God and country must always go ahead of duty to family," the little folks could not understand "why papa did not send some message home." Yesterday Maud, a beautiful child, about fifteen years of age, went, as she has thousands of times in over three years, to the postoffice to know if there was a letter. Mrs. Melville was seated at home sewing listlessly, and the other two little girls were playing with their dolls. Suddenly one of the little ones said: "Why, ma, something's the matter with Maud. I actually believe there is a letter from papa." Maud's feet did not appear to touch the ground. She ran through the gate. With tears of joy streaming down her face, and choking with sobs, she threw herself at her mother's feet, dropping the letter and crying out: "Oh, mamma, at last! It is from papa! Oh, it is from papa!" The mother tore it open, read it at a glance, and read it several times over. All the afternoon, and up to going to bed last night, the children were doing nothing else but reading over papa's letter. With the intelligence that it contained of the fate of others, and the knowledge that just now he himself, with the search party, is facing similar dangers, there was little in the letter to give hope of the return of the husband and father. Written on a single sheet of tough, heavy note paper, the letter reads as follows:

> IRKOUTZ, RUSSIAN SIBERIA,
> January 1, 1882.

DEAR HELLIE—After many trials and many tribulations I arrived here yesterday. We can muster but thirteen people, all told, out of the original thirty-three persons. I am pretty well, and will be home this summer or next winter, according as I may be instructed by the navy department. I have telegraphed asking to remain and search for De Long and the others who perished at the mouth of the Lena river. Love to the children. Yours faithfully, GEO. W. MELVILLE.

CHICKAMAUGA.

Interesting Contribution to the History of the War.

Another Chapter in the Garfield-Rosecrans Controversy.

BY MAJOR HENRY P. ALLISTER, JR.

The allusion in Mr. Blaine's memorial oration to President Garfield's connection with the Army of the Cumberland, and the recent publication of the late president's letter to the Hon. S. P. Chase, in which, amidst much eulogy, the emanation of a noble and generous heart, occur certain mild criticisms of General Rosecrans' conduct of the campaign which terminated in the great battle of Chickamauga, revive in my mind recollections of some of the events of that campaign which I will, in view of the present controversy, and the general interest in the subject which that controversy has occasioned, take the liberty to submit as briefly as possible to you. I will preface my remarks by saying that my connection with the Fifteenth Pennsylvania cavalry, Gen. Wm. J. Palmer commanding, which was at that time doing duty at General Rosecrans' headquarters, gave me an insight into the operations of the army not enjoyed by officers further removed from its official head.

The battle of Stones river, though won by the union army under General Rosecrans, left our forces in a badly crippled condition at Murfreesboro, Tennessee, where they went into camp during the first week in January, 1863. The rebel army under Bragg, by the way, one of the ablest southern soldiers, fell back along the Nashville & Chattanooga railroad and strongly entrenched along a line extending from Shelbyville, on his left, to McMinnville, on his right. On the 24th of June General Rosecrans advanced, but his movements were greatly delayed by the almost impassable condition of the narrow and rough roads which three weeks' constant rain had converted into streams of mire and quicksand holes of fathomless depth.

The several strong positions of the enemy were taken by a series of well executed flank movements, with inconsiderable loss of life, Bragg retreating over the Cumberland mountains to Chattanooga, his last stronghold in Tennessee, which possessed the advantage of being the key to East Tennessee and to the northern approaches to Georgia. The concentration of Bragg's army at Chattanooga took place early in July, 1863, and while his flying forces were followed to the Tennessee river by the union cavalry, the main body of Rosecrans' army remained north of the Cumberland mountains. Now occurred the cessation of the advance of the Army of the Cumberland, and the long suspension of active operations which President Garfield deplored in his letter to Mr. Chase. From July 3rd, when General Rosecrans crossed Elk river, to August 16th, when the advance was resumed, the union army remained quietly in camp on a line from Winchester to McMinnville, its advance stretching from Stevenson, Alabama, on the right, to a point on the Tennessee river above Chattanooga on the left. During this interval General Rosecrans was urged by the Washington authorities to move on. A late writer to a Chicago paper, evidently a military man, states that in July General Rosecrans received a positive order from the war department to advance, that he then called his corps commanders together and that all agreed that compliance with the order would be disastrous and that Rosecrans then informed the Washington authorities that if the army moved then it must be under another commander, after which the order was not repeated.

It would be presumptuous in the writer to assume the role of a critic. It would be unjust to criticise the action of General Rosecrans by the light of after-acquired experience and information. We can now all see that if he could have moved his army rapidly forward to Chattanooga a month or more earlier than he did, it would have been impossible for the enemy to concentrate so large a force as we encountered at Chickamauga in September. General Lee, at that time actively engaged with Meade on the Potomac, could not have furnished Bragg so important a reinforcement as the latter received in the magnificent corps of General Longstreet. It is not likely that Walker's division from Mississippi, or Buckner's force from East Tennessee, could have been gotten at that time to the banks of the Chickamauga. Without these reinforcements Bragg would hardly have risked a battle, or had he done so his army would doubtless have been disastrously defeated. When General Bragg retreated to Chattanooga he had, according to the best authorities, from 40,000 to 45,000 effective men. Rosecrans crossed the Cumberland mountains with 60,000, and assembled about 55,000 in line of battle on the Chickamauga.

It cannot be denied that after General Rosecrans' battles in Middle Tennessee his army needed rest, and that an early advance across the mountains over the bad roads of that country would have been attended with great hardships to his troops. Mr. Greeley, in "The American Conflict," says that Rosecrans' army could not subsist on what was left by Bragg's devouring host in that rugged, sterile region, and that the wagoning of food and forage over the steep mountains of that region was utterly impracticable. The truth is, however, that our generals had not then learned to subsist their troops on the country to the extent practiced later in the war. The country between Winchester and Chattanooga was not nearly so destitute of food and forage as that through which General Sherman marched to the sea. The rebel General Hood, afterward when marching from Atlanta to Dalton, subsisted his troops altogether, for about a week, upon the pith of the sorghum cane, the only article of food kind to be found in that region of country through which several armies had marched and countermarched for months. It is quite true that the narrow strip of mountainous region between the Elk river and the valley of the Tennessee was almost destitute of food, but this strip could have been traversed easily in two days by an army, and the valley of the Tennessee south of Chattanooga was a veritable garden of Eden. The writer of this paper was sent out by General Palmer about the middle of August to make a map of the country between Stevenson and the Tennessee river, and marched for a day through the finest fields of corn that it was ever his fortune to see. Fording the Tennessee he found abundance of corn on its south side. The Sequatchie valley, which splits the Cumberland mountains northwest of Chattanooga in two for a length of seventy miles, and which had to be crossed by the federal army before Chattanooga could be reached, was capable of supporting 50,000 men for several weeks. Indeed after the battle of Chickamauga the supplies drawn from this rich valley alone enabled us to hold Chattanooga until we secured control of the railroad to Nashville, an interval of several weeks.

General Rosecrans should hardly be blamed, however, for not being in advance of his time in not knowing how to subsist an army upon the country. He believed that an advance could not be safely made until the railroad was repaired as far as Stevenson and Bridgeport, and it is due to him to say that these repairs were made with thoroughness and rapidity.

On the 16th of August Rosecrans broke up camp and resumed his advance. Within two weeks thereafter the various divisions of his army reached the Tennessee river at several points from Caperton's Ferry, on the right, to Poe's crossing, a short distance below Chattanooga, on the extreme left. By September 8th the whole army had crossed over, and a rapid concentration of the several corps was effected at Trenton, in the valley of Lookout creek, a few miles southwest of Chattanooga. The situation now was briefly this: Bragg's army was at Chattanooga. A few miles to the southwest in Lookout valley was General Rosecrans. Between the latter and Bragg's line of communications, along the Chattanooga & Atlanta railroad, was the Lookout mountain range, with three available passes over which an army could be marched in a day. Immediately east of the latter mountain was a low range called the Pidgeon mountain, cut by several available passes. Bragg, seeing the danger of his position, abandoned Chattanooga September 9th and moved rapidly to the southeast, facing his army toward the several passes to the west, through which our army was expected to issue. In retreating from Chattanooga Bragg had a double object in view, to avoid being shut up in Chattanooga, and to effect a junction with Longstreet then hastening from Virginia to reinforce him. While this movement of the rebel army was going on Rosecrans was pushing his army across Lookout mountain in three grand divisions. Crittenden, on the left, crossed over a very rough pass called Nickajack trail, overlooking Chattanooga. Thomas, in the centre, passed over by Stevens' gap, a short distance above Trenton, while McCook, in command of our right wing, crossed from the head of Lookout valley, twenty-eight miles from Chattanooga, over what was known, locally, as Winston's gap. Before Rosecrans' army left Lookout valley the writer of this article was placed by General W. J. Palmer in charge of three companies of cavalry and charged with the duty of establishing and maintaining a line of couriers between Rosecrans' headquarters and the several army corps. He was at McCook's headquarters on the morning when the latter began the ascent of Lookout mountain, and there received a dispatch from General Palmer, who was at General Rosecrans' headquarters, directing him to swing his corps left over Lookout mountain, with the advancing army. The dispatch concluded with these words: "General Rosecrans thinks it will be a long chase, probably as far as Atlanta; my own belief is that the enemy will make a stand between Lafayette and Ringgold." It is undoubtedly true that General Rosecrans at that time, and even up to the eve of the battle of Chickamauga, as I will presently show, believed the enemy to be in full retreat, and had no expectation that a serious engagement would soon occur. Well, to proceed: Crittenden, who had, in the meantime, occupied Chattanooga, moved out toward Ringgold and Dalton. Thomas had crossed the mountains into McLamore's cove, nearly opposite to Lafayette. McCook had also crossed over and was in Broomtown valley several miles south of Thomas. "Now," says Pollard, the rebel historian, "no time was to be lost in taking advantage of a blunder of the enemy, into which he had fallen in his stupid conceit that the confederates were retreating." On the 11th of September two divisions of Thomas' corps endeavored to pass through Dug gap to Lafayette, but were furiously driven back by the advancing rebels. Crittenden scenting danger made a flank movement to Gordon's mill, to hold a safe line of retreat to Chattanooga. Next day, September 12th, the writer placed in the hands of General McCook an order from headquarters to join Thomas immediately by the nearest practicable route, and he at once commenced to re-ascend Lookout mountain. Instead of taking a road on the top of the mountain leading directly to Stevens' gap which had been previously found to be perfectly practicable by General Palmer of the 15th Pennsylvania cavalry, and was strongly recommended by him as the best and quickest route for McCook to take, that officer chose to entirely recross the mountain to Lookout valley, thence to cross again by the route previously taken by Thomas, so that he did not close up with the latter until the 15th. By this stupid disregard of good advice at least three days of precious time were lost. The writer was with McCook on this march, and thought then, as he thinks now, that his movements, under the circumstances, were sorrowfully deliberate. Bragg's intention was to take advantage of the isolated positions of our respective corps, and destroy our army in detail. Pollard says "it was only necessary that Bragg should fall upon it (Thomas' corps) with such a mass as would have crushed it; then turned down Chattanooga valley thrown himself between the town and Crittenden, and crushed him; then passed back between Lookout mountain and the Tennessee river into Wills valley and cut off McCook's retreat to Bridgeport; thence moved along the Cumberland range into the rear of Burnside, and disposed of him." The God of battles directed otherwise.

On Thursday, September 17th, the enemy made a furious attack on Colonel Minty's cavalry on our extreme left which satisfied General Rosecrans that the rebel army was further down the valley and nearer to Chattanooga than he supposed. His respective corps had been by this time pretty well concentrated on the Chickamauga near Gordon's mill, and on Friday, September 18th, his whole army was moved further down the valley in order to check the enemy in his frequent attempts to turn our left flank and interpose himself between us and Chattanooga. As was afterward learned the advance of Longstreet's corps had reached Bragg during the day, and when the sun went down on that eventful Friday evening the most formidable and effective army (to use the words of Greeley), which had ever upheld the rebel standard westward of the Alleghanies, was in perfect line of battle before us. Of course the constant evolution of two great armies so close together had led to frequent and heavy skirmishing during the day and some prisoners had been taken by us who stated that they belonged to Hood's division of General Longstreet's corps, which should have removed all doubts of the intention of the enemy to fight then and there, and yet General Rosecrans did not believe this at 9 o'clock on the evening of Friday, September 18th. The writer, whilst waiting in the headquarter tent to report the result of a scout made by him along the Chickamauga during the afternoon, heard a conversation between General Rosecrans and General Garfield, which conclusively proved the correctness of this statement. General Garfield was apparently recommending that certain important movements, suggested by the imminence of battle, should be made at once, when General Rosecrans suddenly interrupted him with the exclamation, "Why, Garfield, you don't think that Bragg is going to fight here?" The latter replied, "General, everything indicates that Bragg has been heavily reinforced from Virginia, and if that be true, as I believe it to be, he will certainly make a stand here." This conversation is given nearly, if not quite, *verbatim et literatim* as I heard it at the hour indicated. A few hours later General Rosecrans knew that the enemy was in line of battle before him ready and eager for the fray, and the heavy and continued tramp of troops and rumbling of artillery as they hurried past his headquarters, going further down the valley, from midnight until morning, showed that he was making the most of the startling discovery. Friday morning at daylight found our army still moving into line, extending it northward toward Rossville, in order to face the enemy's right, which had been extended in that direction. The fences and piles of brush had been fired during the night to make the enemy believe that our forces really confronted him, which was then not the case. The heat of the still burning fences and the stifling dust, which had been ground to a powder by the feet of men and horses, together with the lack of water, caused our troops much suffering. As the armies faced each other on that Friday morning they numbered, according to the best authorities, as follows: Rosecrans had about 55,000 men, of which 30,000, divided into seven divisions, formed his main line, and his reserve, formed on the right, constituted the balance. Bragg, after all his reinforcements arrived, had from 65,000 to 70,000 men. Polk, until Longstreet arrived next day, had general charge on his right and Hood on his left. Bragg's plan of battle from the beginning was to turn our left wing, but, unfortunately for him, that was commanded by the indomitable Thomas, the importance of whose position led Rosecrans to strengthen him from time to time at the expense of his right and center. The battle was opened about 9 o'clock by Thomas, who made an effort to capture or crush a rebel brigade that was reported in an isolated position in front of him. This led to a series of heavy battles which lasted, with constantly changing fortunes, until 4 o'clock p. m., when there was a lull for nearly an hour. About 5 o'clock p. m. another tremendous charge was made by

(Continued on Third Page.)

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B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

Senator Hill voted against the franking privilege and Senator Teller for it.

Speaking about publishing Garfield's letters, there is one of his which might be published with the utmost propriety. It will be remembered that soon after Garfield sent in the New York nominations, General Grant wrote a severe letter to Senator Jones criticising Garfield for doing this and charging bad faith. Senator Jones had this letter made public. It was unjust because Grant was in Mexico and was not familiar with all the facts. Garfield replied answering his criticisms. As the Grant letter was published, it would be entirely proper to publish the Garfield letter.

We publish this morning an exceedingly interesting article on the battle of Chickamauga, written by Major McAllister, who had exceptional facilities for observing the battle. The story has an especial interest at this time, because of the discussion over the Garfield Rosecrans letter. The conversation given between Garfield and Rosecrans as to whether there would be a general engagement or not, shows that Garfield was fully competent to criticise the military qualities of his general. While it fully takes into account the difficulties of Rosecrans' position, it justifies the criticisms of Garfield as to the almost criminal delay in waiting to fight Bragg until Bragg's army had been strongly reinforced and was ready to take the offensive. The article is perhaps long, but only because the writer has so much to say and he says it so well that the story cannot fail to be interesting to all our readers. We hope to have more of these reminiscences to publish.

NOMINATION OF CITY OFFICERS

A correspondent suggests in the Republic that we hold ward caucuses to nominate the aldermen to vote upon at the coming election, and that these caucuses nominate delegates to the city convention which shall nominate the candidate for mayor and treasurer. The reasons given are that the ward caucuses will act with more deliberation in selecting candidates for aldermen and that the nomination of the candidate for mayor will be in the interest of the taxpayers. These reasons are good, but we hardly think these methods will accomplish all that is expected. In the first place the wards are as fully represented in the general city caucus as they would be in separate ward caucuses, and the nomination of candidates for alderman by the voters in the several wards, meeting by themselves, is usually as well conducted as most caucuses. The general convention is likely to call out many more people than the special caucuses as the interest in it will be greater. As to the nomination of the mayor the charge of "packing" has not been fairly made and there has been but little dissatisfaction. The other method will certainly be more open to "packing," as all conventions are. The argument that "by this plan it is proposed to put this matter more directly into the hands of the people and let them decide it" is certainly not correct. For the people to delegate a power to representatives in the city convention which they have usually exercised directly in a mass convention is not putting the "matter more directly into the hands of the people." It is taking it out of the hands of the people. The general verdict has not been that conventions directly represent the wishes of the mass of the voters, but give a remarkable opportunity for manipulation by politicians. We are aware that this is the precedent in cities, but for two good reasons. Cities usually have so large a population that a mass convention for this purpose is impossible. But this is not true here. East this would be called a good sized village. The other reason is, that it is necessary for party organization when the different parties put up candidates. The caucuses in the wards, and in the larger cities in the precincts, can be managed, and there is less opportunity for members of the opposition party to come in and run it. But the democratic and republican parties will not run party tickets here. There is only one party to put up a ticket, and that is the prohibition party. There has not been a straight out opposition ticket since 1878. All our people nominally now belong to the prohibition party. As there are no party lines, the chief requisite for the delegate convention machinery is unnecessary. Our mass conventions have unusually been attended by the best class of people and the "packing" has not been done to any extent. The old New England town meeting is perhaps the most distinctive and useful of our political institutions. It has less of jobbery and wirepulling than its successor in the larger cities. The people meet and act directly. The theory that these mass meetings are not wise has not been demonstrated. Even in our large cities the citizens' reform movements have usually made their nominations in mass conventions. We favor the mass convention, because we do not see how any better results can be obtained by the more complicated machinery of a delegate convention, and because there is even less likelihood of "packing" and wire pulling. Let all the taxpayers of the city come together and do their work openly, and let every man have a chance to directly express his opinion as to city candidates and policy.

LITERARY.

ATLANTIC.

The Atlantic Monthly for April presents an interesting table of contents, beginning with "Europe Before the Arrival of Man," by John Fiske. This article treats with learning and interest of that period about which (let scientists talk wisely as they may) there is, as yet, so little certainly known, and so much room left for conjecture and learned hypothesis. The non-scientific reader, after perusing this interesting paper, will certainly conclude that it is a great mercy to man that his arrival was so long delayed until the "most peaceful wild fowl" of the miocene and other periods had given place to what approaches more nearly his own type and organization.

"An Echo of Passion," by George Parsons Lathrop, is concluded, and in a somewhat unexpected fashion, leaving the several characters outwardly much as at first, and inwardly better and worse than we could have hoped. The story is extremely well written, and the writer is in the innermost confidence of his characters. In fact, it is an "innermost" rather than "outermost" experience, and has an altogether probable plot. "They went on living." That is generally the way with people," concludes the writer.

"The Nixie Maiden," a ballad by L. E. R., is a really beautiful song, and suggests music as weird and plaintive as its own story.

"Shakspearean Operas" by A. L. Bari contains much fine criticism of the musical opportunities contained in many of Shakespeare's plays. Some of these have been accepted, and others still afford so wide a field for composers that one is surprised that it has not oftener been improved.

"The House of a Merchant Prince," by William Henry Bishop, gives us chaps VI and VII, and contains some good description of New York city and vicinity, and the plot and characters are developing in interest.

"A Modern Hindoo Reformer," by Charles Wood, treats of the religious reform going on in India and of its leader, Keshub Chunder Sen, who must be a very remarkable man and much in earnest in his social reforms. Having gone so far from Brahma it seems strange that he did not come to Christ. "This," explains the writer, "is because the religion of Christ is associated in the minds of the Hindoo with English cannon and English soldiers, which is certainly deplorable enough. Chunder Sen is a Hindoo gentleman of respectable and well known lineage, a most accomplished scholar in both Hindoo and English language, literature and history, making it impossible for him to remain an idolater. Early in life he learned to believe in one God and became the leader of the reform known as Brahma Somaj (worshippers of Brahma the creator); but although nominally theistic his faith seems after all polytheistic, as he admits he worshipped Christ, Brahma, Moses, Socrates, Mohamed and others. Whatever may be thought of this new form of Hindoo belief, the reformer has evidently done practical good work in the social and political reforms which he has advocated and in part introduced.

"In Venice," by Constance Fennimore Woolsey, is a sketchy episode of sentiment and travel, touched lightly and gracefully, a pleasant bit of itinerant romance and fine Venetian description.

"A Realistic Poet," by Philip Bourke Martin, is an analysis and criticism of a curious poem recently published by Arthur J. Munby, in which he sets up for his heroine, a coarse, strong, healthy, honest, hardworking and hard handed peasant woman. Dorothy Crump doing the coarsest work as a matter of course and not with the lightest thought of self-sacrifice or heroism in so doing. "It is the natural way of living" for her. Nobody has the least objection to her doing this rough work and she could do no other, if she tried. Therefore why should the poem (?) be written at all? Except for that trait in us, as in them of old, ever longing to "hear and tell some new thing." So says this writer upon "Dorothy," claiming that on nearly every page it sins against beauty and against poetic fitness.

In the beginning of "Doctor Zay" appears a note signed W. D. Howells and addressed to Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, explaining the close line of similitude between "Dr. Breen's Practice" (his own story) and Dr. Zay. It appears that when Miss Phelps spoke to Mr. Howells of the plot of her projected story Mr Howells had completed and partly in type his own story dealing with the same characters and to a degree the same situations, but urging her to finish and publish it all the more for the coincidence. It is early days to begin comparing the two, but "Doctor Zay" opens delightfully, and so far does not suffer in the parallel.

"Progress in Agriculture," by Eugene W. Hilgard, discusses the value and profit of such progress in agriculture by education and government aid. The importance of proper education in the art of returning to the soil an equivalent for what it gives us, and in a form best calculated to insure another return to us, is the sum total of agriculture, and the interesting question, whether that art is best learned by the hands that plow, sow and reap, or by colleges, which experiment and educate students enrolled for that purpose upon the college books, is the question discussed by the writer; also the merits and demerits of the entire plan of agricultural colleges.

"The Folk-lore of Lower Canada," by Edward Farrer, is a very interesting article, in which the superstitious traditions and beliefs transplanted centuries ago from Normandy and Breton to the banks of the St. Lawrence are narrated, and into which are introduced hymns, ballads and folk-songs of the old French people, who are now so thoroughly at home in the forests and streams of Canada.

The article on "The Poems of Mrs. Spofford, Owen Innsly, and Miss Hutchinson," criticises charmingly these volumes of verses; but why does not Mrs. Spofford deserve a place entirely to herself?

The Atlantic contains many other articles of interest which we have not room to notice, including reviews of the biographies of Noah Webster, John Quincy Adams, and Caroline Fox's memories.

LITERARY NOTES.

Major Ben: Perley Poore's life of Gen Burnside will be published in Providence.

Mr. Swinburne has about finished a new narrative poem, in nine books more or less, on the story of Tristram and Iseult.

Mr. J. A. Symonds is carrying through the press a collection of a hundred and fifty original sonnets, of which only five have seen print before.

Mr. Gallenga's new work, A Summer Holiday in Russia, has chapters on Odessa, Kieff, and Warsaw, and pays much attention to the Jewish question.

Macmillan & Co. have in press Mr. Hamerton's new and important work on The Graphic Arts, in Columbier 8vo, with about fifty illustrations, to cost $35.

The diary of Cardinal Sala, 1798-1801, just published by the Societa romana di Storia patria, contains a number of diplomatic documents never before in print.

Mr. W. E. Decrow, of the class of 1880 at Yale College, has published, through A. Williams & Co., of Boston, a small book with the title Yale and the City of Elms. It is illustrated.

Dr William T Harris, it is said, regards Judge Stallo's new volume, The Concepts and Theories of Modern Physics, as the greatest book on this subject since the days of Bacon.

Mr A. Bronson Alcott has not yet made a reputation as a sonneteer, but his forthcoming collection of Sonnets and Canzonets may serve the purpose. Roberts Brothers have it in press.

The Rev Alfred Ainger will follow his sketch of Charles Lamb in the English Men of Letters series, with a new edition of Essays of Elia, with an introduction and notes, which Macmillan & Co. will publish in their Golden Treasury series.

The March Gentleman's Magazine has an article from Karl Blind on New Finds in Shetlandic and Welsh Folk-lore, rehearsing a number of fish, cat, and other tales taken down directly from the lips of the people.

J. R. Osgood & Co have issued the prospectus of a portfolio of Autograph Etchings, projected and edited by Dr. J. W. Palmer, which will contain fifteen plates representative of the English and French schools, ten of them by Englishmen.

Herbert Spencer will sail for America in August next, and intends to be absent three months. He will visit Canada and also possibly California. He has refused all proposals to lecture, his design being solely to see the country and people.

Apropos of the lives of Webster, Mrs. Julia P. Ballard, of Easton Penn., desires to call attention to Mr George Ticknor Curtis's work, published by D Appleton & Co., in 1872. There is also a life of Webster by Dr Joseph Banvard, published by D Lothrop & Co.

St Nicholas for April will have a frontispiece by Rosina Emmet. The author of the Land of Nod will have a new play. Mrs Diaz will have an interesting story of Siam, entitled, "Wangse Pah and the White Elephant." The "Recollections of a Drummer Boy" will be concluded.

John Wiley & Sons will issue on March 15th a new dollar edition of Ruskin's works—Modern Painters in five volumes, Stones of Venice in three volumes, Seven Lamps of Architecture in one. They will be printed on tinted paper, and will contain all the wood engravings of the previous edition.

We learn from the Athenæum that Mr Louis Stevenson is at work on a critical biography of Hazlitt, that Mr. Gosse's life of Gray is approaching completion; that Mr. A. H. Bullen's forthcoming collection of old plays in four volumes will include several pieces hitherto existing only in manuscript.

Macmillan & Co have just received Kant's Critique of Pure Reason; an illustrated Handbook of the Polariscope by H Landolt; Mrs Fraser Tytler's delightful Songs in Minor Keys; A Primer of Art, by John Collier, Pygmalion, a Poem, by Thomas Woolner, R. A.; and Nordenskiold's The Voyage of the Vega.

Macmillan & Co.'s New York house has begun the issue of a series of popular novels in one-dollar volumes, whose attractions of contents, typography, and binding, made them very cheap at that price. Charles Kingsley's Hypatia and Westward Ho! are already out, and John Inglesant is to come next, with more to follow.

J. C Lippincott & Co announce that they intend meeting the popular demand for cheap books by issuing a new edition of Prescott's Works in fifteen volumes at $1.50 a volume, and also a one volume edition of the Poetical Works of T. Buchanan Read uniform in style with Houghton, Mifflin & Co.'s Household Poets.

Among the rarities in that part of the large library of Mr. Beresford Hope, which, the Athenæum says, is soon to be sold, is the first edition of the Biblia Polyglotta, a first edition of Homer in Greek, the first four Shakespeare folios, Wynkyn de Worde's Chronycle of Englonde, a manuscript of Wycliffe's translation of the New Testament, and a Roman Missal, with beautiful miniatures, executed for Ludovico Sporza.

The "Academy," in its review of vol iv. of The Life of Napoleon III, by Blanchard Jerrold, which has just appeared in England, thinks that the career of the late emperor "can not be judiciously written or profitably read until the lies of his dastardly enemies and friends have worn themselves out," and declares that "no man of equal importance was ever so persistently, venomously, basely, ungratefully, and undeservedly libeled."

In the article on the American Cyclopedia in the Bulletin of last month, it was said that the publication of the revised edition of that work began nine years ago. This is somewhat misleading. The edition, the issue of which began in 1873, was practically an entirely new edition, the text being mostly rewritten, and illustrations added; and this edition has since been revised, that of 1879 having various changes, and the issue of 1881 containing supplements which bring information on the topics treated therein to date.

Froude's Life of Carlyle, to be issued in April by Charles Scribner's Sons, is to be illustrated with two portraits and four other engravings on steel. Molinos the Quietist, by John Bigelow, is a remarkable chapter in the history of the Roman church. The materials for the study are the result of long and careful research. Outlines of Primitive Belief Among the Indo-European Races, by Charles Francis Keary, will be received with pleasure by all who read his Dawn of History. In the Campaigns of the Civil War, volume VII will be General Cist's Army of the Cumberland.

The Clarendon Press edition of Henry the Fifth. Mr. W. Aldis Wright has added Henry V to the well-known Clarendon Press series, and it is quite superfluous to say that it is a thoroughly scholarly edition. The notes, though free from what Mr. Wright contemptuously calls "sign-post criticism," abound in curious and interesting matter of the verbal and philological sort (for some of the etymologies, however, the student will do better to take Dr. Mahn in the revised Webster as his guide), and historical points are fully treated. Howbert Bros. have this for sale.

We learn from the Academy that Mr. Robert Buchanan has nearly ready for the press a new volume of poems, and a romance in three volumes entitled The Martyrdom of Madeline, the latter based on the social conspiracy against womankind, whatever that may be, and written in a sort of connection with his late novel, God and the Man; that Williams & Norgate are shortly to publish The Development from Kant to Hegel, by Prof. Seth, of Edinburgh; that Mr Chas Pebody has written for Cassell's Popular Shilling Library a sketch of English Journalism and the Men Who have made it.

Mr James Payn's various essays that have appeared in the English magazines have been collected in book form under the title of Some Private Views. Commenting upon his well-known paper, Sham Admiration in Literature, the Athenæum says: "Mr Payn could no doubt give us an excellent essay on the sham depreciation of books that have a great popularity. Highly cultured, much-educated opinion is apt to rally in order to run down works which please the mass of readers, but with which their censors, it might often be discovered, are almost wholly unacquainted."

Mr. F. Leypoldt has published two little volumes of great convenience to readers. One is entitled The Books of all Time, consisting of a list of standard works in literature, with particulars of editions and prices, and each author accompanied by a critical estimate from some well-known writer. The other is A Reading Diary of Modern Fiction, containing a list of the representative novels of the nineteenth century, with blank pages for comments. These books are of great use to librarians and private purchasers, and really serve as an index to all that is best in our literature. They are small 16mo volumes, published at low price.

A. D. F. Randolph & Co. have ready the usual large and tasteful assortment of Easter novelties. Among the newest of the leaflets is Daybreak, an original Easter poem by Mrs Julia C. R. Dorr, printed with violet lines, and tied with silk cord in an illuminated cover designed by Walter Satterlee. The Voice of John or the Story of the First Easter day, by Rev. W. Wilberforce Newton, is daintily done up in vellum, tied with ribbon. A portion of the edition is exquisitely decorated with hand painted flowers. Two collections of Miss Havergal's poems, Set Apart and The Voice of Many Waters are offered, in a similar style.

It is commonly believed that the Franklin Square and Seaside Libraries are giving the public books at a lower price than has been known before. A writer in the 1st Century Magazine declares that these "pirated editions of foreign books constitute the cheapest literature that the country has ever known. It seems to be forgotten that when cheap books first came into fashion, some forty years ago, Harper & Brothers reprinted all of the current English novels, beginning with those of Bulwer, in octavo volumes, stitched and bound in heavy paper covers at twenty five cents each, which, in view of the superior style, was really cheaper than twenty cents for the clumsy, inconvenient issues of today. In some instances the price then went as low as twelve and a half cents, as it does now to ten cents. All things considered, cheap literature is scarcely an invention of the present generation, as seems to be supposed.

G. P. Putnam's Sons announce for immediate issue The Present Religious Crisis, by Rev. Dr. Augustus Blauvelt, author of those troublesome articles on Inspiration which appeared some time since in Scribner's Monthly. This volume will contain discussions of Dogmatic Theology, Inspiration, The Historical Character of the Gospels, The Religion of the Bible, The Religion of Christ, Religious Impressions, and Religious Liberty. The Hon S. S. Cox's forthcoming book of travel is entitled From Pole to Pyramid. It is fully illustrated and is similar in appearance to his previous Search for Winter Sunbeams. First Aid to the Injured by Peter Shepard, is to be published on behalf of the First Aid to the Injured Society. The principles of Ethics, by Leslie Stephen. The Sabbath School Question, by Drs. Leonard and George Bacon, and a collection of poems by Anna Catharine Green, another of the Leavenworth Case, entitled The Defense of the Bride, are also coming.

The London Saturday Review, in noticing recently the second series of Helmholtz's Popular Science Lectures, (published in this country by D Appleton & Co.), speaks of the author and his work as follows: "The mastery of nature possessed by the great German physicist enables him to give to the theories or discoveries of science that distinctness and clearness of expression which form the first requisite for a popular instructor. In his exposition of the facts or mysteries of nature he is careful to use the simplest language, avoiding as far as may be technical or unfamiliar words, in which wholesome habit he has been faithfully seconded in the course of the translation before us, which has the directness and the easy flow of original writing. The half-dozen lectures here brought together, from the professor's academic courses at Cologne, Berlin, Bond, and elsewhere, range over a wide field of matter, and open up vistas of thought which the more earnest class of students will feel impelled, by the example and the enthusiasm of the lecturer, to follow up for themselves."

FOUND.

FOUND—A good nurse for the sick can be found at the last house on Cascade, South. Mrs Crouse. c 19-

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Transacts a general banking and exchange business.

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A. C. WILLARD,

ARCHITECT

47 Pike's Peak Ave. b 11 tf

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mexican National Construction company to elect members of the board of directors and transact such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company at Colorado Springs, in the state of Colorado, on the first Monday of April, 1882, at twelve o clock noon.

The transfer books of the company for the transfer of stock will be closed on the 11th day of March instant, and remain closed until three days after the final adjournment of such meeting.

By order of the board of directors.

WALTER HINCHMAN, President.
W. W. NEVIN, Secretary
Dated March 3, 1882. c 4-1m

J. FIELDS. G. B. STURBS.

FIELDS & STURBS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.—Will practice in all the courts of the state. Office, North Tejon street over Bennett Bros.' grocery in the Opera House block. 17 6m

F. G. ROWE,

Real Estate.

MONEY LOANED

On good real estate security.

FOR SALE!

Very choice business property on Tejon st., one of the best locations in the city, either for business or for an increase in value. Pays 15 per cent. on investment.

New residence on Cascade avenue, 9 rooms, 3 closets, trunk room, large bath room, pantry and China closet, bay window. All sash in the house on weights. Hot and cold water up stairs and down, with most complete plumbing, ventilation and sewerage. One of the finest lawns in the city, $4,700. Very cheap property.

Fine place on Nevada avenue near Kiowa street; excellent house, attractive grounds, central location, price $6,000. The above is a very cheap and desirable property.

Corner lot with two nice houses on west side Weber st. north of Pike's Peak avenue. This is a splendid property either for residence purposes or as an investment as it is in one of the best locations in the city and pays good interest.

I have for sale a few vacant lots on North Nevada avenue near the lands of the North End Improvement company and in the vicinity of some of the finest residences in the city, which I will sell very low to parties agreeing to make good improvements.

Six finely situated lots on North Cascade st. on the same height of ground as Weber st. and Nevada avenue, but with a rich black loamy soil just suited for the rapid growth of trees, shrubbery, etc., and for fine gardens. One corner lot for $225, one corner fronting west and south $450, inside lots $200 each. Rare chance for cheap lots close to city water. Irrigation water in abundance.

Fine new residence on North Nevada ave near St. Vrain st., lot 100x190, house of 7 rooms built by days work in best of manner. Splendid location and very cheap place.

Very complete 5 room cottage on North Tejon st., with new furniture and every thing in first class shape for $4,000, lot 50x190.

Cottage house on Nevada avenue north of Pike's Peak avenue, large pleasant front rooms, nice lawn, good barn, etc. Very pleasant place, close to business and in excellent location, $1,700.

Residence on Pike's Peak avenue can be had at a bargain; rents for 15 per cent. on the investment.

Fine corner lot on Pike's Peak avenue with house of 10 rooms, good barn, lawn, shade trees, etc., $1,000, one of the cheapest properties in the market.

COAL LAND. A party who is willing to develop property if deemed advisable can purchase a one-half interest in 313½ acres of anthracite coal land, three miles from Crested Butte. Cabin on land and six foot vein opened, no adverse claim to land; adjacent to the Denver & Rio Grande Railway Co.'s anthracite banks. Dr Williams expert chemist of Philadelphia, finds 89.75 per cent. of fixed carbon in this coal and says, "It is a remarkable result and is the best sample of coal I have seen in all Colorado."

Cottage house on Boulder st., 5 rooms, closets and pantry, water in house, good cellar, would rent for $22 per month, lot 100x190, $2,100, or would sell 50x100 with house for $1,850; nice property.

Lot 50x190 on Cheyenne ave., with house of 4 rooms, closets, pantry and stone cellar. This is a well built house and would rent for 20 per month.

Four lots in north part of city, fronting south on Uintah st. and extending back 400 ft to another st. to be opened. $250 each. Bargain.

Ranch of 160 acres 17½ miles south of city, 100 acres land fenced which is tillable, and under ditch, 15 acres alfalfa, good houses and out buildings. This ranch combines hay land and tillable land with one of the best ranges for cattle or sheep in the state, $1,500.

Two-story residence of 7 rooms on South Weber st. Fine grounds, stable, etc. Lot 50x190, $2,600. The improvements alone on this property are well worth the money.

Corner lot 100x190—with small house on North Weber st. just east of University Park $1,400.

Cottage house 6 rooms, on west side Wahsatch ave. near Cucharas st. $1,300, rents for $18.

New house 3 rooms on South Nevada ave. Lot 50x190. Price $675.

Corner lot on South Nevada ave $275. Lot adjoining above for $225.

Residence on Tejon st., adjoining business property, $6,600.

Two fine 2 story brick stores on Huerfano st. These are adjoining buildings, and near the new postoffice. Both can be purchased for $5,000. Pay good interest.

Cozy place on North Tejon st., lot 50x190, house well adapted for two small families. Half of the house is now rented for $25 per month. Excellent location, $2,500.

Cottage house of four rooms and summer kitchen on Cucharas st. Rents for $15 per month, $800.

Two and one-half acres on Boulder st., $1,200. Good investment.

Nice residence on Nevada av., just south of Pike's Peak av., $5,000.

Very pleasant cottage on South Nevada av., for $950.

50x95 on South Cascade avenue with new house of 5 rooms, bay window, etc., very pleasant place, $1,400.

Small place of 3 rooms on Costilla st., $1,000.

Splendid corner 50x100 on Tejon st., $4,500.

One of the best residences on N. Cascade avenue, with large finely kept grounds; can be had for a few days at a low figure.

Small place on Pike's Peak avenue, $1,000.

Corner lot 50x100 on South Tejon st. with 7 rooms, closet and cellar, $1,500.

Very pretty 1½ story house of 8 rooms on the west side North Tejon st., nice porches, lawn, etc., good barn, $4,500.

Cottage house of 4 good rooms, closet and pantry, on Moreno ave., for $1,350, neat pretty place.

FOR RENT.

Elegantly furnished house on the northwest corner of Tejon st. and Willamette ave., of 7 rooms, barn, etc., fine lawn, splendid neighborhood, $75 per month.

Furnished house of 7 rooms on Tejon st. between Bijou and Kiowa streets, $40 per month.

House of 3 rooms southeast corner of Wahsatch avenue and Costilla st., $15 per month.

The above embraces but a small portion of the properties I have for sale.

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting, or loaning money are cordially invited to call. Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. G. ROWE, Tejon street, opposite Opera House. b-29-tf

WILLS & HALE

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

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We represent the following first class Fire Insurance companies:

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Boston Underwriters, National of Hartford.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF

Money to Loan

In sums to suit borrowers.

Good Real Estate Only Accepted as Security

Rents and Interest Collected. Taxes Paid and a General Agency Business Transacted.

NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

We have for sale a number of

City and Country Properties

Among which we call attention to the following:

Lot 50x190 on desirable part of North Tejon st. Price $8[illegible]

50 foot lot on North Weber st., in the best locality in town for building, price $900.

100 foot corner, very central, on North Weber; price $[illegible]

100 foot lot on North Cascade, price $475.

70 foot lot on Wahsatch three blocks south of Pike's Peak and a corner adjoining the above; price $400 and $[illegible]

Two very desirable 100 foot corners on North Wahsatch. Two houses going up on the inside lots. Price $650 for the north corner and $600 for the south.

Two hundred lots 50x190 adjoining land of North End Improvement company on North Weber; $[illegible] each.

100 foot lot on North Cascade lays well; price $[illegible]

Corner 100x190 facing south and west on North Weber. One of the best lots on our books. Price $1,[illegible]

Corner 100x190 on North Nevada; price $1,600.

A fine residence on Cascade avenue, very low.

Also a long list of other properties which we should be pleased to show any parties thinking of purchasing.

FOR RENT.

New furnished house of six rooms on Cache la Poudre. City water. Ready April 15th. Per month $75.

House of 9 rooms on corner and Cascade avenue in the most perfect order, per month $50.

House of 11 rooms with stable, and large grounds on Cascade. One of the best residences in town. Per month $[illegible]

Furnished house of four rooms and bath room in the best part of town. Ready April 1st. Per month $40.

House of 5 rooms and summer kitchen just south of Pike's Peak. City water. Per mo $25.

Green house on the Manitou road. Per mo $6.

BRICK OFFICE TEJON STREET,
Opposite Opera House. b 19

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cards under this head stating profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for our card rates.

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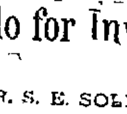
OFFICE OPPOSITE OPERA HOUSE. Appointments can be made by telephone. 1 30 tf

DR. S. DAVIS.



OFFICE IN PREWITT'S BUILDING. 4 15 tf

Colorado for Invalids

By DR. S. E. SOLLY,

FOR SALE

AT

E. P. HOWBERT & CO'S

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper,

At the Gazette Office.

(Continued from first page.)

the enemy beginning on our left not rapidly extending to our centre. So irresistible was the onset that our whole line (excepting the right wing) was thrown into temporary disorder, but the terrible fire from twenty guns brought into play by Cleburne against the exultant enemy cooled his ardor and under their protection our line was reformed. During the height of this engagement the musketry fire was indescribably terrific, but through it all the peculiar, shrill yell of the rebel hordes could be heard with fearful distinctness. The writer was with a body of cavalry stationed about half a mile from head quarters to guard against a cavalry dash from up the valley. We were drawn up in a forest of girdled trees, and the bullets sighing against their seasoned trunks and boughs sounded like the operations of ten thousand industrious woodpeckers. Occasionally a shot or shell would come shrieking through the tree tops, when we would all involuntarily bow our heads to our horses' necks whether in courteous deference to the prowess of the enemy or to save our heads—for future use, the reader must determine. About sunset another slump and daring attack was made on our lines by the fighting Irish rebel Pat Cleburne, who drove back Johnson's front and determinedly held the position he had gained. It was jocularly said that Cleburne had patches of white muslin sewed to the seats of his pantaloons, so that he could readily see whether they kept their faces fairly toward their enemy.

Then night came. Although our forces had pretty well maintained their ground during the terrible day just closed, there was before their mental vision the dark shadow of ultimate defeat. They felt that they were overmatched by being outnumbered. They were cheered up however on a measure by a report of course unfounded that General Burnside was on his way from East Tennessee and would reach the field of action on the morrow. This belief seemed to be spread among the soldiers of our whole army. Sunday morning brought with it a fog so dense as to prevent for one time any important movement of either army. The rebels had been reinforced during the night by five brigades of veterans from Virginia and by General Longstreet personally, who took charge of their fortunes. During the night General Thomas had been heavily reinforced by troops from our rear, so that our left wing numbered nearly 20,000 men. About nine o'clock a few shots from the direction of our left announced the opening of that awful Sabbath-day's carnage. Bragg still intent upon turning our left hurled Breckenridge's division against Baird's division of Thomas's command and carried all before him until he had reached the Rossville road when he was in turn driven back with great slaughter and in complete disorder. Bragg again reenforced Breckenridge with four fresh divisions and another tremendous attack was made upon both our left and left centre the tide of battle ebbing and flowing with remarkable frequency and rapidity, and the carnage on both sides being frightful. While the conflict was thus going on on our left General Rosecrans determined to still further strengthen Thomas by sending him several divisions from our right centre. Negley's and Van Cleve's divisions were withdrawn for that purpose and Wood was directed to close up on Baird's left. Wood it is said understood that he was to support Reynolds and withdrew for that purpose. Into the opening thus made Longstreet at once threw Hood who charging in column with irresistible energy completely cut off our right wing under McCook throwing it back in a thousand fragments against Mission ridge. This brought in our line a mile in front of Rosecrans' headquarters. The scene in that locality was indescribable. Thousands of men completely panic stricken and throwing away their arms and equipments ran in terror from the field. Horses without riders and neighing with affright, galloped in all directions. Drivers of ambulances scattered their precious loads of wounded and dying men behind them in their frantic efforts to get away. Men mortally wounded expended their last fast ebbing vitality to crawl or stagger from the bloody field. In the background with quick but steady tread came the victorious rebel columns, their wild yells echoing among the surrounding hills. In the midst of this reign of terror General Rosecrans, followed by his staff, came out of the house in which he had his headquarters. Pulling his hat firmly down over his forehead, he walked with great deliberation to his horse, standing near by, mounted, turned his face for a moment down the hill in the direction of the advancing enemy, and rode off in a slow trot to the west across the Rossville road to the top of a ridge beyond. There were assembled quite a number of soldiers who were hastily formed into line for a last stand. General Garfield unfurled the large headquarter flag and the men in their enthusiasm declared they would retreat no farther. Just then a shell struck a tree over their heads, scattering its branches around when the line of battle dissolved at once, and General Rosecrans seeing that all was lost galloped with his staff down the west side of the ridge and turned his horse's head toward Chattanooga. But all was not lost, for to the north, like Leonidas at Thermopylæ, like Horatius at the bridge was that invincible soldier, George H. Thomas. As the writer rode down Chattanooga valley on that awful Sabbath afternoon, the unceasing rattling of musketry, and booming of heavy guns to the right, told that Thomas was holding the field against the whole rebel army, flushed with victory, and rolling like the waves of the ocean against his weary but unfaltering troops. Assault after assault was made and repulsed, and when the sun went down behind Lookout mountain that splendid soldier, but modest and unassuming man, was unquestionably the hero of Chickamauga, whose name and fame for his actions that day

Will live up in all memories
Though with the buried gone

After sundown General Thomas, by order of General Rosecrans, withdrew his troops in perfect order to Rossville, and the enemy was too badly crippled to pursue him. Such was the battle of Chickamauga, one of the bloodiest of the war. In two days the two armies had lost in killed, wounded and prisoners, 40,000 men, the loss being nearly equal on each side.

Nevins Resuscitated

Detroit, Mich., March 18.—New discoveries have come to light every hour relative to the rascality of Mayor Nevins of Adrian, Michigan, who is supposed to be in Mexico. The estate of the late Jas. F. Clark, a wealthy capitalist of Adrian, is said to be victimized out of $60,000 by the bogus mortgages negotiated by this rascal.

Vanderbilt's Fabrication

New York, March 18.—Vanderbilt, in an interview on Thursday, spoke of the New York, Lake Erie & Western road as bankrupt. Jewett, it is said, says the road is not bankrupt, and that the statement is a fabrication to be regarded as unbecoming in a Vanderbilt and discreditable to the high position he occupies.

New Comet

Albany, March 18.—Charles S. Wells of Dudley observatory has discovered a bright comet in the constellation Hercules; right ascension 17 hours 57 minutes, north declination thirty degrees thirty minutes. The comet has a tail five minutes in length and is as much of about the eighth magnitude.

Pennsylvania Small Pox

Harrisburg, March 18.—Small pox makes sad and terrible havoc in the districts reported to day for the first time. All along South Mountain from Lehigh county to Shamokin, the plague is spreading.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES

The snow blockade on the Central Pacific is raised and the trains are running again.

There is an unconfirmed report that eighteen persons were killed at Genoa, Nevada, yesterday by a snow slide.

The gasometer of the German hospital at San Francisco blew up last night injuring one fatally and two seriously.

Crystal Palace theatre, Marseilles, has burned. Loss 1,000,000 francs. The actors had great difficulty to escape.

Fred A. Palmer late auditor of Newark, N. J., is sentenced to prison for twenty years for obtaining money from the treasury on forged warrants.

QUOTATIONS BY TELEGRAPH.

Stocks and Bonds

New York, March 18.

Silver bars 1 13½
Money 4
Governments strong
Stocks weak

The following are the quotations

BONDS

United States 4s	118	Northern Pacific	50
4½s	113	Kansas Pacific	102
4s	109	K. P. (Denver div.)	105
6s	130	Denver & Rio Grande	113½
Union Pacific	116	D. S. P. & P.	105
Central Pacific (of 1871)	117½		

RAILROAD STOCKS

Central Pacific	117½	Hannibal & St. Joe	30
Central Pacific	94½	Lake Shore	115½
Northern Pacific	51	Jersey Central	31½
Union Pacific	84½	M. K. & T.	33
Kansas Pacific	37	Pitts. & Rending	19½
New York Central	135	Ohio & Mississippi	37½
Erie	35½	C. R. I. & P.	115
R. R. & Q.	129½	Michigan Central	89½
C. & N. W.	126½	D. L. & W.	144
C. M. & St. P.	115½	L. & N.	108
D. & R. G.	34	Canada Southern	49½
Wabash	34	Pacific Mail	130
Pacific Mail	41½	W. F. & Co. Ex.	146
W. U. Tel. Co.	81½	Am. Ex. Co.	90
Am. Union Tel. Co.		U. S. Ex. Co.	73
A. & P. Tel.		Cen. Ex. & Tel. Co.	

MINING STOCKS

Auro	30	Hukill	30
Bodie		Illinois	14
Boulder Con.		Hortense	
Big Pittsburg	80	Horn Silver	1 50
Bull Mountain		Highland Chief	
Bassick		Iron Silver	2 00
Bull Domingo	30	Little Pittsburg	1 00
Con. Virginia	8	Little Chief	1 00
Caribou	2 00	Leadville con.	1 00
Chrysolite	5 00	Mariposa (bd.)	2 00
Cherokee	41	Mineral Creek	
Drinkin	60	Moose	1 25
Dunderburg	70	Ontario	
Eureka con.		Quicksilver (of'd)	11 50
Freeland		Robinson con.	1 30
Green Mountain	2	Red Elephant	
Gold Stripe	30	Silver Cliff	1 90
Glass Pottery con.		Silver Nugget	
Climax	[illegible]	Sutro	70

WANTED

WANTED—Cook at El Paso House. c-19-1f

WANTED—To borrow $300 for term of five years at 8 per cent to improve real estate worth twice that amount. Address B. C., Gazette office. c-18-4*

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Mrs. E. W. Giddings, corner Tejon and Boulder streets. c-19-1

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework in small family. Reference required. C. J. Harris, second house on S. E. cor. Nevada avenue and St. Vrain. c-18-3

WANTED—Sawing. Terms $1.25 per day. Address Rock box 31. c-15-*

WANTED—To borrow $10,000 for term of five years at 8 per cent to improve real estate now worth two thirds that sum. Address Rock box No. 33 city. c-12-tf

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms with good board. Four doors north of city school on Cascade avenue. c-19-tf

TO LET—Two vacant stores, one 20x35 and one 16x30, also three stone cottages 3 rooms each, also three rooms over drug store. Inquire, Davis drug store opposite Beebee house, Manitou. c-19-6

FOR RENT—Two or three unfurnished rooms and cellar, cheap. S. J. Day. c-18-6*

FOR RENT—One Gerrish and one Mason & Hamlin Organ. Apply to James Duncan. c-18-1

FOR RENT—House southeast corner of Vrain and Tejon. Apply to Bennett Bros. c-17-1

FOR RENT—Rooms with southern exposure, with or with out board at Mrs. Parker's, E. Pike's Peak avenue. c-16-4

FOR RENT—In a good locality, furnished house of six rooms. City water, nice lawns, strawberry bed, barn and chicken house, also good milch cow, twenty chickens and a pointer. Possession given April 15th. Apply to S. E. Sessions. c-15-tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One Gabler piano, nearly new. Very low price. James Duncan. c-19-6

FOR SALE—Fine top buggy but little used, and good spring mountain wagon with top. Address box 1408.

FOR SALE—A large lot of screen doors, all sizes, knock down, ready set up of my own manufacture, at Planing Mill, corner Huerfano and Cascade. J. G. Warner. c-16-tf

FOR SALE—J. G. Warner at the planing mill will sell you flooring and mouldings twenty per cent lower than you can buy elsewhere in the city. b-6-tf

FOR SALE—Old papers, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

FOR SALE—A few shares in two prospecting companies. Skillful prospectors in field. Address box 658, P. O. f-8-tf

Bentley & Hogue.,

REAL ESTATE,

Loan

AND

INSURANCE

AGENTS.

FOR SALE

A 900 acre ranch near town and railroad, good frame house of 8 large rooms, good soil. All well fenced and improved. A very cheap ranch at $4,000.

An established business in this city with real estate and $2,000 in stock, will pay 80 per cent.

A very choice lot in northern part of city, well set to fruit. Price $800.

Several ranches on the Divide good for dairy or agricultural purposes, will be sold at a bargain.

A brick house of 5 rooms, just completed. Lot 50x180 on North Wahsatch ave. Price $1,750.

Nine lots on N. Weber street in desirable location at $300 each.

400 acre ranch ten miles north of city, well improved and with water rights. Will make an excellent dairy or stock ranch at $8.00.

A one half interest in a business that gives $1,200 per month at $3,000.

Several sheep ranches lying east of the city.

A pair of nice residence lots fronting east on S. Nevada avenue.

A fine residence in the most desirable part of city, with furniture, at $7,000. Will let it for 18 per cent in rents for two years.

TO EXCHANGE.

Ranches in the county to exchange for city property.

Also valuable real est te in Kansas, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan to trade for property in this place.

FOR RENT.

A No. 1 ranch with good house, near village of Fountain.

A dairy ranch with three room house, spring of water, corrals, &c., at $6.00 per month.

If you do not see what you want call in and ask for it.

BENTLEY & HOGUE.

Southwest corner Pike's Peak and Tejon streets. c-17-tf

AINSWORTH BROWN,

Opera House Block

Painters' Materials and Oils,

WALL PAPER, GLASS,

Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Painting, Paper Hanging and Calcimining.

f-19-tf

Proposals.

Town Clerk's Office, Manitou, March 17th, 1882.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 m. Thursday, March 23d, 1882, for the erection of town building at Manitou. Plans and specifications can be seen at the store of M. A. Leddy & Co., Manitou, also at the office of the architect, A. C. Willard, Colorado Springs, Colo. The building committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

M. A. LEDDY, Clerk.

c-18-3

Proposals for Trees.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned until noon of Monday, March 20, 1882, for furnishing, for the city, 500 broad leaf cottonwood trees and for furnishing 500 additional trees for private parties to be delivered at such places along the line of the streets of the city as the mayor or the committee may direct. All trees to be delivered between the 2d and 9th day of April, 1882. Said trees to be good sound and straight broad leaf cottonwood trees of three inches four inches or five inches in diameter at the base and ten feet in height, and with good roots projecting not less than one foot from the tree on either side. Bidders will state how much for each size tree and also about how many they propose to furnish of each size. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

Bids will also be received for digging five hundred holes eighteen inches deep by thirty inches in diameter and for setting five hundred trees at such places in the city as the committee may direct. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

MAYO FRANCE, Mayor.

HENRY A. WILSON,
JOHN A. HUMBARGER, Committee.

Colorado Springs, Colo., March 14th, 1882.

c-14-6

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande Western Construction company will be held at the principal office of the company at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the third day of April 1882, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. The transfer books of the company for the transfers of stock will close on the twenty fifth day of March inst. and remain closed until three days after the adjournment of the meeting. By order of the board of directors.

J. W. GILLILAN, Secretary.

Dated March 14, 1882. c-15-td

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Mining company will take place in the company's office in Colorado Springs on Thursday, March 23d, 1882, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and to transact such other business as may properly be brought before it.

E. J. EATON, Secretary.

Colorado Springs, Colo., March 10, 1882. c-12-10

GEO. MACKLIN,

Real Estate,

OFFICE:

TEJON ST. NEAR KIOWA,

OFFERS

FOR SALE

4 lots on North Nevada avenue.
12 lots on North Weber.
2 lots on South Weber.
1 lot on North Wasatch.
1 lot on South Wasatch.
1 lot in eastern part of city.
Lots on N. Tejon opposite soldiers' reservation.
11 lots on North Cascade.
1 lot on South Cascade.
Large list of houses and lots, small and big, including the well known Pike's Peak.
Cottage of 11 rooms, 8 lots, corner Kiowa and Cascade streets.
Lot 50x150, corner Colorado and William streets, on which is 150 fruit trees, 300 currants, raspberries and a variety of other small fruits; 15,000 small and large shade trees. House, barn and other outbuildings; irrigation water. Very desirable property. Bargain if sold soon.
Houses in the city and houses out in the suburbs of Colorado Springs, with abundance of water for irrigating purposes.
Ranches in Dry Creek Valley.
Lots in Pike's Peak addition.
Lots on N. Wahsatch, near Pike's Peak avenue.
Lots on Big Gulch and South Weber streets.
Cheap lots.
Nice lots on N. W. and S. W. streets, within three minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Nice lots on Nevada avenue, within three minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Pike's Peak avenue, Tejon street, Colorado avenue, Cascade avenue, Nevada avenue, Weber street, Wahsatch avenue, Cheyenne street, Cutler street.
Nice lots on Tejon street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Nice lots on Cascade avenue, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Nice lots on Nevada avenue, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Nice lots on Weber street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Nice lots on Wahsatch avenue, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Pike's Peak avenue, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Tejon street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Colorado avenue, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Cascade avenue, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Nevada avenue, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
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Business lots on Wahsatch avenue, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Cheyenne street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Cutler street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Huerfano street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Kiowa street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Colorado street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Pueblo street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Boulder street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Bijou street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Moreno street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Cimarron street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Costilla street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
Business lots on Platte street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.
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Business lots on Platte street, within five minutes walk of the Postoffice.

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of name in statement of particulars with price and terms. Any other matter in this column will be charged regular card rates.

WATER.

The Water Commissioners meet the first Tuesday of each month at the Mayor's room.

MEAT MARKETS.

NORTH END MARKET, [illegible]

FIRST CLASS MARKET, [illegible]

CONFECTIONERY.

PERI BUSMARIANI dealer in Fancy Confectionery, Fruits, Nuts, Cigars, &c. Orders promptly received and express [illegible]

FOR SALE

INSURANCE.

The recent settlement of the

Providence Washington Ins. Co.

OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

INCORPORATED 1799.

Shows an increase in surplus for the six months ending December 31, 1881, of $110,000.00

CASH ASSETS $900,000.00

WM. R. THORNELL, Agent,

Office Over People's Bank.

Represents also

The Scottish Union and National Ins. Co.,

OF EDINBURGH.

APPLICATIONS SOLICITED.

b-7-f

REPORT

Of the Condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

At Colorado Springs, in the State of Colorado, at the close of business March 11th, 1882.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	$[illegible] 122.00
Overdrafts	11,381.21
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	10,000.00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	13,140.00
Due from approved reserve agents	9,467.98
Due from other national banks	17,209.89
Due from state banks and bankers	2,169.[illegible]
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	7,165.[illegible]
Current expenses and taxes paid	7,814.60
Premiums paid	4,000.00
Checks and other cash items	1,8[illegible]
Bills of other banks	7,431.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and pennies	39.00
Specie	2,[illegible]
Legal tender notes	27,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	1,250.00
Total	$133,[illegible]

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$50,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits	11,850.42
National bank notes outstanding	25,401.00
Dividends unpaid	275.00
Individual deposits subject to check	29[illegible] 21
Demand certificates of deposit	23,059.48
Certified checks	2,[illegible]
Due to state banks and bankers	6,300.61
Total	$133,[illegible]

State of Colorado, County of El Paso, ss.

I, J. F. Humphrey, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. F. HUMPHREY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of March 1882.

A. S. WELCH, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

B. P. CROWELL,
J. F. HUMPHREY,
J. L. WHEELER,
Directors.

c-19-2

GEORGE CANT & CO.

House, Sign and Fine Decorative Painters

Have remove from their old stand to 48 Pike's Peak avenue, east of Tejon street.

Graining, Glazing, Kalsomining and Paper Hanging

All our work is warranted first-class.

c-9-tf

50,000

FEET OF

LEAD AND IRON PIPE

AND A FULL LINE OF

PLUMBING GOODS

On Hand and Bought before the Recent Rise in Price.

All manufacturers of lead and iron pipe have so far sold plated goods and all kinds of plumbing material have recently advanced their prices from 25 to 50 per cent, but as I have a very large stock of the old goods bought at the very lowest cash prices before the rise, I propose to give my patrons the benefit. All who are in want of

Gas and Water Pipe

AT A LOW PRICE.

Will do well to call on me before purchasing elsewhere. I have also a large stock of

GAS FIXTURES AND CHANDELIERS

Which I will sell lower than they can be bought east.

AGENCY FOR

Cambria Fire Brick Co's Sewer and Drain Pipe

Family authorized to sell the water pipe and employing only first class workmen.

Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting

Promptly and in a superior manner.

J. T. MARSTON,

No. 56 Pike's Peak Avenue.

WINTER SERVICE

Of Intended Sailings

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND QUEBEC.

Steamship	From LIVERPOOL to BOSTON or HALIFAX	From LIVERPOOL to PORTLAND via HALIFAX	From BOSTON via HALIFAX to LIVERPOOL	From PORTLAND via HALIFAX to LIVERPOOL
HIBERNIAN, PERUVIAN, CIRCASSIAN	Wed. Feb. 8		Thur. Feb. 9, 2:00 p. m.	Thur. Feb. 23, 1:00 p. m.
POLYNESIAN, SARDINIAN, PARISIAN, HIBERNIAN	Wed. Feb. 15	Wed. Feb. 15	Thur. March 2, 8:00 a. m.	Thur. March 9, 1:00 p. m.
			Thur. March 16, 2:00 p. m.	Thur. March 23, 1:00 p. m.
			Leave Halifax every Saturday at 1:00 p. m.	

The steamers of the Allan Line sail from Liverpool and Londonderry as follows:

Passengers may embark at Boston on the Steamers marked on the evening previous to sailing, if they so desire.

FLEET NEWFOUNDLAND is the fleet performing winter service between HALIFAX and ST. JOHN'S, N. F., as follows:

CONNECTING WITH STEAMSHIPS AT LIVERPOOL FOR HALIFAX—

FROM HALIFAX—TUESDAY	Feb. 14	Mar. 7	Mar. 21	Apr. 11
FROM ST. JOHN'S—MONDAY	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

GLASGOW LINE—For Prepaid Business Only.

Steamer	From GLASGOW	From LONDONDERRY
NESTORIAN	Wed. Feb. 22	Thurs. Feb. 23
SCANDINAVIAN	Mar. 1	Mar. 2
MANITOBAN	8	9
AUSTRIAN	15	16
WALDENSIAN	22	23

These steamers are national type of the GALWAY and agents selling tickets can assure purchasers that by the time for their friends to leave to start a weekly service will most likely be in operation.

Fortnightly Steamers from Liverpool via Queenstown to Baltimore for prepaid business only.

RATES:

CABIN, $30.00, $70.00 and $50.00; INTERMEDIATE, $40.00; STEERAGE $28.00.

LEVE & ALDEN, General Passenger Agents.

207 Broadway, N. Y.; 201 Washington st., Boston; N. E. cor. Broad and Chestnut sts., Philadelphia.

New York, January 14th, 1882.

Desirable Residence Property

FOR SALE!

The fine residence property on the northeast corner of Weber and Huerfano is offered for sale for a few days at $7,000.

This comprises a lot fronting 90 feet on Weber street by 190 on Huerfano.

HOUSE OF 9 ROOMS BESIDES PANTRY, CLOSETS, CELLAR, BARN, CARRIAGE SHED, HEN HOUSE, etc., FINE LAWN, 1,000 THRIFTY STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

Within two Blocks of the Postoffice

This is probably the most desirable residence property in town available.

O. H. ALKIRE,

c-13-7 Alkire's Museum.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The next annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mexican National Railway company will be held at the principal office of the company at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the third day of April, 1882, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. The transfer books of the company for the transfers of stock will close on the twenty fifth day of March inst. and remain closed until three days after the adjournment of the meeting. By order of the board of directors.

JOHN PIRATT, Secretary.

Dated March 14, 1882. c-15-td

FOTH BROS.'

DAIRY,

Corner Tejon and Kiowa Streets.

Milk and its products delivered by team to all parts of the city. Connection by telephone with all parts of the city and Manitou. b-17-tf

OSTRANDER & THOMAS

DEALERS IN—

LUMBER

AND

Building Material of All Kinds.

INCLUDING

BUILDING PAPER, CEMENT, HAIR, PAINTS, GLASS, &c.

Nevada Avenue, South of Huerfano Street.

a-21-tf

FOR

PLAIN AND FANCY CAKES

—AND—

BREAD,

Of Superior Quality,

GO TO

BUSH & CO.'S BAKERY

Opera House Block.

m-7-tf

FIRST

National Bank,

OF COLORADO SPRINGS

Capital, - - - - $50,000.
Surplus, - - - - 10,000

IRVING HOWBERT, President.
J. F. HUMPHREY, Cashier.
A. S. WELCH, Ass't Cashier.

Buys and sells foreign and domestic exchange and does a general banking business. dw-1-tf

THE

CHIEFTAIN

—AT—

Manitou Springs,

Is open for the winter. First class accommodations at reasonable rates.

E. E. NICHOLS, Proprietor.

DAILY GAZETTE.

SUNDAY, MARCH 19, 1882

TIME TABLE.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Arrive Colo Springs.
8 45 a. m	8 20 a. m.
11 55 a. m.	11,00 a. m.
4.20 p. m.	3 20 p. m
6 00 p. m	5 30 p. m

Denver & Rio Grande Railway

Trains going South	Trains going North
No 1 arrives 11 45 a. m	No. 2 arrives 4 10 p m
No. 1 leaves 11 50 a. m	No 2 leaves 4 15 p m
No 3 arrives 11 15 p m.	No 4 arrives 3 05 a m.
No 3 leaves 11 20 p m	No 4 leaves 3 10 a. m
No. 5 arrives 7 05 p m	No 6 arrives 8 25 a. m
No. 5 leaves 7 10 p m	No 6 leaves 8.30 a m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot Parties can select their own route

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon

For full information call on or address
J M ELLISON, Agent.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Administrators' notices, four times	$5 00
Executors " "	4 00
Final Settlement " "	4 00
All other notices of the same kind	5 00
Additional insertions of same rate each time	1 00
Land notices one party only	5 00
Land notices, for each party after first in same notice	1 50
Trustees and Sheriff's Sales	6 00

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the Gazette
ABE ROBERTS,
Proprietor of Mountaineer

Mr S B Westerfield and family returned from Helena, Montana, yesterday

We will surely have the gymnasium for the shares are going off rapidly and the amount now raised is $1,750

It is predicted that the Colorado Springs Troubadours will attract the largest audience ever gathered in Colorado Springs

Mr Stanley Wood is the author of a new drama which will shortly be produced in Denver It, like the libretto of "Brittle Silver," is remarkably clever

Gaze on the colored hangers issued from the GAZETTE printing office for the Colorado Springs Troubadours No better job has ever been done in a Colorado printing office

The Rev Willis Lord will deliver a lecture on Palestine at the M E church on Thursday evening next, the 23d inst proceeds for the benefit of the W C T U of this city

Messrs C W Terry and C Hargin of Pueblo have filed articles of location of the Rio Grande lode The claim is situated about eight miles west of Wieland on Cheyenne mountain

Mr J K Brewster, who has recently transferred his residence from Canon City to Colorado Springs, contemplates starting a ... He will manufacture ... by a new process never before introduced here

The races at the Pike's Peak Driving park yesterday afternoon were very interesting although not quite as well attended as the previous ones On next Saturday afternoon several of the more noted professional runners of the state will participate in a handicap foot race of which further announcement will be made

Some very complimentary mention was made of our opera house and our people by the various members of the McAllister company One of the leading ladies of the company went so far as to say that the audiences, although not the largest, were far more intelligent ones than they had played to since leaving Minneapolis

The box sheet for the performance to be given by the Colorado Springs Troubadours will be opened at Howbert Bros' book store to-morrow morning at promptly eight o'clock Those wanting choice seats will have to be on hand for there promises to be a big rush Remember that the proceeds are for the benefit of the Denver and Rio Grande Base Ball club

Some street Arabs yesterday stole several pictures of the McAllister company from the frame at the entrance of the opera house This is the third time this diabolical outrage has been perpetrated on visiting companies and it is about time the scoundrels who do it should be caught in the act Mr O Brien, the business manager of the company, says that it is the first time the thing has occurred in their travels

Mr William F Bailey, a compositor who has held cases on the GAZETTE for the past year, leaves this morning for his former home in West Chester, Pa, where he will assume a responsible position on the daily press of that city He is one of the most gentlemanly and intelligent compositors that ever visited Colorado Springs, and has a host of friends who regret his departure

We are in receipt of a letter from Charley Frohman, the well known theatrical manager, stating that Callender's Colored Minstrels, the great original company newly organized and reconstructed, are now en route to San Francisco and will appear in Colorado Springs They comprise the best of colored artists and among the novelties never before introduced in minstrelsy two distinct brass bands and a double street parade

The McAllister company gave two performances yesterday to not very large but, nevertheless, appreciative audiences. At the matinee "Aline, or the Rose of Killarney," was rendered, and at the evening performance Lester Wallack's spectacular drama, "The Veteran," was produced, in both of which performances the company did themselves excellent credit, and further established the enviable impression they had already won. It is by far the best ever go company that has ever appeared in the opera house since its opening No finer scenic effect has been witnessed by a Colorado Springs audience than that which was displayed in the production of "The Veteran" last evening. From here the company goes to Boulder, and thence to Minneapolis, Minnesota, where they belong.

The Graphic strike proves to be richer than was first supposed The essays run from 80 to 400 ounces in silver, with some gold We have always predicted that in deep working this property would prove one of the best in New Mexico —[Socorro Miner

The above mentioned development is on the large lead on which are located a number of the claims belonging to the Colorado and New Mexico Mining and Smelting company, whose principal office is in this city And the members here are feeling jubilant, as it demonstrates the accuracy of Prof Kerr's report made on the mines in January, in which he says, "Developments where made show conclusively that depth is only necessary to the securing of high grade ore."

The programme at the Monday evening entertainment will consist of music, select reading by Miss Flora Andrews, and an essay by Mr C H Starkey To conclude there will be a debate on the following question. Resolved, That a lawyer is justified in defending a client be he known to be guilty In this debate the affirmative will be taken by Dr W N Meserve and Mr Levi Ratliffe, and the negative by Mr L E Sherman and Dr. Wilson

Rev L P Teeney has filed with the city clerk an addition to the city of Colorado Springs to be known as the D Russ Wood addition It is located upon either side of Cascade avenue above the college

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Ten cents per line for first insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers
No - Pike's Peak Avenue

Blaine oil at Hooker & Stevens c 1 tf

Koumiss at Church's drug store

Gents' hand sewed boots at Love e-18-3

French china, decorated queensware, lamp goods, etc., at Ralston & Fairley's m-13-tf

Carpets at Monk & Inguls's are being closed out at less than cost m 29 tf

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Church & Co's drug store a 15-tf

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver complaint Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you F E Robinson agent.

The noblest gents' shoes in city J F Love e-18-3

Mrs M Carter has moved her millinery store from North Tejon street to four doors south of the postoffice All kinds Zephyrs 4 ounces for 30 cents hats at one fourth regular price and a corresponding reduction on all other goods e-1tf

W A Dickell the practical gardener and lawn maker has again located in the city and is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line Orders to P O box 55 will be promptly attended to e-15-tf

Must be sold—Greenhouse and plants Good reason given for selling two blocks east of court house R M Chamber b 21 tf

FREE TO ALL—The best catalogue of small fruits grapes &c. ever published in Colorado send your name to E R Cotton, Colorado Springs, postoffice box 1711 c 1 tf

The old reliable and popular American House Denver has reduced its rates to Colorado people to $2.50 per day for all rooms excepting on parlor fl or We would advise our friends to try the American m 8 eod-tf

SEE THIS!—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs Church & Co will fill them correctly and at eastern prices i 13 tf

The very latest styles in gents and ladies' shoes J F Love c-18-3

All you folks that are fixing up your carpets for winter should lay in a supply of old newspapers. We are selling them very low for a few days. tf

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's cure. We guarantee it. F E Robinson, agent

To make room for spring stock I shall commence on Monday, March 13th, to sell my entire stock of Clothing, men's, boys' and children's Hats and Caps AT COST One price and for cash only This is no old stock nor catch penny device John J. Hooker, opposite postoffice c-12-

Old ladies' solid comfort at J F Love's c-18-3

Rifles, shotguns, revolvers and all kinds of ammunition, at Durkee & Lee's. d-e-1-tf

Mr L C. Davis has the finest stock of Jewelry and the most experienced workmen to be found the state j-d-tf

Barbers, merchants, tailors, housekeepers, Chinamen, and everybody having use for old papers can get them at greatly reduced prices by taking large quantities, at this office tf

I HAVE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS ONE SIXTY FOOT LOT, WITH FOUNDATIONS AND PLANS, JOINING M KENEDY'S RESIDENCE ON NORTH WEBER ST THIS IS A VERY DESIRABLE LOCATION FOR A NICE HOUSE PRICE, $9,000.

ONE CORNER LOT ON NORTH TEJON ST NEXT TO ALDERMAN WILSON'S PRICE $1,500.

ONE LOT OPPOSITE NEW HOTEL, ON CASCADE AVE. PRICE, $1,500

ONE EIGHT ROOM HOUSE ON NORTH WEBER ST, NEXT TO MR DURKEE'S RESIDENCE THIS HOUSE IS BUILT BY DAY'S WORK, HAS ALL THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS BATH ROOM AND WATER CLOSET IS TEN FEET SQUARE DOUBLE FLOORS, WITH TAR PAPER BETWEEN THIS PLACE WILL RENT TO PAY 18 PER CENT ON PRICE ASKED PRICE, $6,000, INCLUDING FURNITURE

ONE COSY HOUSE, NOW IN COURSE OF ERECTION ON CASCADE AVENUE, SOUTH OF THE VILLAS THIS HOUSE WILL BE COMPLETED IN ABOUT TWO MONTHS, AND WILL BE A COMPLETE HOME. I G WARNER,
AT PLANING MILL, COR HUERFANO ST. AND CASCADE AVE c-8-tf

PREMIUM STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Our Spring Catalogue now ready FREE TO ALL Superb stock of Strawberry Plants tested and fruited in Colorado with grand success acclimated and WORTH DOUBLE EASTERN GROWN PLANTS Three first premiums awarded us at State Horticultural Society Fair, Denver, June, 1881 All plants guaranteed true to name Try them

CRAWFORD & CHASE,
Sunny Slope Small Fruit Farm,
P.O. Box 1747. Colorado Springs, Colo.
dwe-3-2m

Brook Trout!

Col. DeLaVergne is now selling trout from his ponds south of the city.
Orders may be left at the ranch or sent through the postoffice. c-8 tf

M. L. DeCOURSEY

REAL

ESTATE

COLUMN.

AGENT FOR SALE

Of lots in the growing

TOWN OF

CRESTED BUTTE!

FOR SALE.

The finest corner on North Tejon street, 200x190, $6,000 or will divide it

Six lots on Pike's Peak avenue between Tejon and Nevada

Lot on best part of North Nevada avenue, 75x190 Cheap at $2 000

A splendid property on East Pike's Peak avenue, consisting of lot 100x190 with house of 10 rooms, including bath room and hot and cold water, nice porches. Fully furnished in excellent style Also large stable, etc. Everything in first class order Furnished at $7 000 or unfurnished at $6 000

The 320 acres controlling the entrance to and running into Cheyenne Cañon Splendid water, fine timber and nice garden land on the property Also house and fencing A fine place for a hotel which would be popular all the year round A great bargain at $2 500

Lovely two-story cottage of 7 rooms city water lot nicely fenced Located on one of the best 50x190 feet corners on North Nevada avenue. A splendid chance to secure a beautiful home in one of the best localities in the city, $4,000

Elegant house of 10 rooms hot and cold water, bath room and all conveniences, large porches, splendid lawn, trees and shrubbery, stone cellar, first-class stable, lot 75x190, on best part of Weber street Price $5,000 Will sell furniture with house if desired

A splendid four acre garden tract, fenced and every inch of it under ditch, planted mostly in small fruits, one acre in alfalfa House of 5 rooms and cellar, stable and outhouses; good cistern Ten minutes walk from postoffice A real bargain at $3,000

A first class property only two blocks from new post office Lot 50x190 feet, with house (partly new) size 26x80 feet containing 12 rooms, ceilings 10 feet high throughout Also a wash room, cow house, hen house, etc. The house is partly furnished, and will be sold with furniture at the very low figure of $4,000 In this is included a good milch cow and fifty chickens

Fine two story house of seven rooms and three closets, nice shade trees, porch in front, city water stable for three horses House and stable were built during the past summer Lot 50x190 feet. A bargain at $3,000, of which amount $1,500 may stand for one year at 10 per cent.

A splendid corner 100x190 feet on N Weber street, on which are erected three lovely cottages renting for $77 per month City water and gas pipes in cottages, open grate fire places in parlors, nice lawns and stables This property is a bargain at $8 500

Nice cottage of 5 rooms on lot 50x200 feet on Pike's Peak avenue, cellar, lawn, neat fence and stable, water in house; only $2,500

Several nice lots in the neighborhood of the new postoffice site

Ranch of 160 acres on the road between Monument and Table Rock, all fenced, raises fine potato crops, splendid springs of water includes three acres of big timber. Only $1,000. A bargain

House of 4 rooms, lot 50x100, lawn, trees, stable. Good location. A bargain at $800

House of 5 rooms, city water. Lot 50x190 First class location Only $1050

House of 4 rooms on lot 100x190, water in house, $1,050.

House of 6 rooms, stable for ten horses, lot 50x190 all in grass, located on Nevada avenue close to business centre of city. A bargain at $4,000.

Several splendid corners on North Cascade, Tejon, Nevada and Weber streets.

House of 5 rooms, pantry, cellar, porch, stone foundation, well, 3 acres of ground, east of city. $1,200.

House of 3 rooms, lot 37½x190 feet, fenced, city water; Corona, south of Huerfano street. $600.

House of 7 rooms, porch, city water, lot 80 x100, Huerfano, near Weber, $2,600.

A beautiful cottage at Manitou, containing four rooms and has a large porch. The cottage fronts south and is located on one of the most valuable lots at Manitou. This is the property known as the Thurlow cottage It cost over $2,000 and will be sold for $1,500 cash, if at once.

FOR RENT.

Furnished house of 4 rooms on Boulder st, nice lawn, city water To rent for six months for $35 per mo

Elegant furnished house of 10 rooms, city water, hot and cold water, bath tub, porches, splendid lawn, large lot, on best part of Weber street.

The finest cottage at Manitou, built of stone, with nice porches, eleven rooms fully furnished, bath room, with hot and cold water all over the house. To rent at $125 per month to good parties.

M. L. DeCOURSEY,
Real Estate Agent

A CHANCE TO BUY A

Paisley Shawl

CHEAP, AT

Weatherby Bros'.

GREAT SALE.

We shall offer for the next ten days some of the

FINEST SHAWLS MANUFACTURED,

At prices that will astonish our customers

We will guarantee that the markets of Boston or New York cannot produce such first class bargains Come and buy one They do not cost much and last a life time

WEATHERBY BROS.,

23 South Tejon Street.

First Dry Goods Store North of Postoffice.

Demorest's Patterns for spring and summer d 1 15

Avenue Market

One door east of Thos Hughes.

A Full Assortment of

Beef, Mutton, Pork,

And all Kinds of Meat kept in Stock.

GAME OF ALL KINDS IN SEASON.

All Goods Delivered Promptly

WOLFE & MARLOW, Prop's.
c 10-tf

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Nearly 1,000 Miles in Operation

The Great Quick, Safe and Direct Line for

Business and Pleasure Travel.

IN COLORADO

The only route embracing the Grandest and choicest Scenery in nature's repertoire

The Royal Gorge and Grand Canon of the Arkansas, Veta Pass, Manitou, Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods, Monument Park, Pogoba Springs, Twin Lakes

Through Trains Between

Denver, Leadville, Gunnison El Moro, Antonito, Espanola and Durango.

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Colorado Springs, Manitou, Pueblo, Canon City, Salida, Buena Vista, Cuchara and Alamosa.

The connection at Gunnison with stages affords the shortest, quickest and easiest route, over the best roads, to Pitkin, Saguache, Ouray, Lake City, Ruby Camp, Crested Butte, Gothic, and all points in the Gunnison country.

The connection at Del Norte with stages forms an easy and direct route, open twelve months in every year, to Antelope Springs, Wagon Wheel Gap, Saguache, Gunnison City, Ouray, Lake City and all other principal points in the Gunnison and San Juan countries.

Transfer connections at Westcliffe for Silver Cliff, one mile, Rosita, six miles.

Stage at El Moro for Trinidad, four miles distant.

Stage connections at Espanola for Santa Fe, twenty three miles away

Direct connection at Pueblo with the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad for all points

NORTH, EAST & SOUTH

Through tickets to all principal points north south, east and west, with rates always as low as the lowest.

Full information on application to Local Agents, or to

D. C. DODGE, Gen'l Manager. F. C. NIMS, Gen. Pass & Tkt Agt.
DENVER, COLORADO. dwg 1f

NOW SPRING WRAPS!

In various styles have just made their appearance at the

PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

Come and See Them. Now

Moire Antique Silks in Black and Colors.

New Plain Black Watered Silks
New Combined Satin and Moire Stripe
New Colored Satins new shades,
New French Surah in checks, latest novelty
New French Satine Combination Suits
New French Silk Hosiery, all colors

We call especial attention to our line of

PLAIN BLACK SILKS

Just opened of the celebrated Lyons Lat ... Guinnet magnificent lustre satin finish The best in the market and at the LOWEST PRICES for qualities offered The above and many other novelties for spring have just been received per express and will be on sale on

Tuesday Morning, 14th Inst.

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF EASTER CARDS JUST OPENED.

Come and select the choice at the

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium.

FERRIS & JONES,

ONE DOOR EAST OF TEJON STREET ON PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE
"Veritas ad finem" dwa 1 15

A Complete Line

OF

SATINS AND SILKS

ALSO

NOVELTIES IN

DRESS GOODS

Just Received

AT

GIDDINGS & STILLMAN'S

b 9 tf

NEW DEPARTURE.

Linus P Sherman hereby tenders his sincere thanks to all his numerous customers for the favor of their liberal patronage and solicits a continuance of the same Those who have paid promptly will be gladly accommodated in the future as in the past But no new accounts will be opened All goods will be reduced to the

LOWEST CASH PRICE

So that more groceries can be bought with money than any one can sell who gives credit and thereby incurs losses by bad debts If you would save money buy your

GROCERIES FOR CASH

OF

Linus P. Sherman.

k 2 tf NOS. 29 AND 31 HUERFANO ST., NEXT TO PEOPLE'S BANK.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

I am now receiving and opening a

A LARGE STOCK OF NEW GOODS,

Comprising amongst other new things PRINTS, SHIRTINGS, CHEVIOTS, GINGHAMS, MUSLINS, WHITE GOODS, QUILTS, BLANKETS, LADIES' NECKWEAR, FURNISHING GOODS, &c A full line of new DRESS GOODS amongst which are twenty five pieces of those desirable fabrics known as

"Jamestown Dress Goods,"

In all the new shades and designs Also a large and full stock of

Carpets, Linoleums. Mattings, Rugs, Etc.,

To which I invite the trade to make an inspection If in want. All goods marked at lowest prices

D. J. MARTIN.

c 5 1m

Cold Drafts

Around windows and doors in winter ENTIRELY EXCLUDED, saving half your fuel and DUST in summer, saving furniture, curtains, and carpets. RATTLING sashes stopped, windows raised and lowered easily, by BROWNE'S Patent METALLIC and RUBBER Weather Strips. Used with best for 12 YEARS on Public Buildings, Dwellings, Drawing Rooms and Sleeping Cars, in the United States and Europe Windows and Doors Measured FREE OF CHARGE. Send your address and let us do one or two on trial

FOR SALE BY

DURKEE & LEE

Colorado Springs.

b-6-tf

W. T. KNOX & BRO

Proprietors of

The Old Reliable Transfer Line

And Dealers in

CANON CITY COAL,

Office at Coal Yard, near freight depot. Order books at the hardware stores of G. S. Barnes and Durkee & Lee.

COLORADO COLLEGE

Assay Department

Is prepared to do all assays in the best manner and on short notice

All Work Guaranteed Correct

Office at Howbert's book store where terms can be had on application dwh 9 tf

Everleth & Taylor,

Successors to

TRUE & SUTTON

Dealers in

GROCERIES,

FLOUR AND PROVISIONS,

Corner Pike's Peak Avenue and Tejon street Colorado Springs 12-18-tf

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